UNIONISTS STILL GAINING.

INCREASED LIBERAL LOSSES.

SALISBURY.

OF SIXTY-TWO CONTESTED SEATS THE UNIONISTS

of sixty-two contested seats they secure fortynine, gaining thirteen from the Liberals. The latter carried the election in twelve constituencies, and made a gain of four seats, while John Burns was the only Labor candidate elected; and that, too, with a falling off of more than a thousand votes. Keir Hardie, the notorious labor agitator, failed to be returned from the South Division of West Ham.

Among the prominent Members of Parliament who are in the same plight as Hardie are Sir W. J. Ingram, one of the proprietors of "The Illustrated London News," and the Right Hon.

In the North Division of Lambeth, Henry M. Stanley, the African explorer, succeeded in turning a Liberal into a Unionist constituency, defeating W. Leatham Bright by a substantial

Contested elections were held in the following

Hereford—C. W. Radeliffe Cooke, Unionist, 1,689; Sir Robert Edgecumbe, Liberal, 1,356; Unionist ma-jority, 333; gain, 169. Mr. Cooke represented the district in the last Parliament. Boston—William Garfit, Unionist, 1,633; Sir W. J. Ingram, Liberal, 1,27; Unionist majority, 396; gain, 43; Sir W. J. Ingram, the previous incumbent of the seat, is one of the proprietors of "The Illus-

55. Lancashire—James Kenyon, Unionist, 3.800; Cheatham, Liberal, 3.215; Unionist majority, oss, 154. This is the district formerly repre-t by Sir Henry James, who was recently ele-to the peerage as Baron Ayleston of Here-

terborough—R. Purvis, Unionist, 2,239; A. Con, Liberal, 2,917. Unionist majority, 242; gain, Here the Unionists gain a seat, chester—Viscount Cranborne, Unionist, 2,152; irenfell, Liberal, 1,673; Unionist majority, 479;

Smith, Unionist, 4.766; Burns's majority, 241; 1088, 1,215.

Hastings-Lucas Shadwell, Unionist, 3,206; Cecil Ince, Liberal, 2,861; Unionist majority, 345; loss, 194. Burnam-M. A. Fowler, Liberal, 1,111; the Hon. A. Elliot, 1,110; Liberal majority, 1, 1088, 74.
Bradford, East Buvision-H. Byron Reed, Unionist, 5,843; W. S. Caine, Liberal, 5,135; Unionist majority, 704; gain, 466.
Rochdale-Colonel C. M. Royds, Unionist, 4.731; W. Leatham Bright, Liberal, 4,235; G. Barnes, Labor, 1,251; Royd's majority over Bright, 422; gain, 1,402. Bristol, West Division-Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, 2,315; Mr. Lawless, Labor, 1,842; Unionist majority, 1,973. At the last election Sir Michael was returned without opposi-Labor, 1,842, Unionist majority, 1,973. At the last election Sir Michael was returned without opposition.

Islington, South Division—Sir A. K. Rollitt, Unionist, 2,552; Mr. Hart, Liberal, 2,347, Unionist majority, 1,221; gain, 99.

Lambeth, North Division—Henry M. Stanley, Unionist, 2,878, C. P. Trevelyan, Liberal, 2,473; Unionist majority, 465; gain, 555.

Bradford, West Division—Earnest Flower, Unionist, 2,365; J. C. Horsfall, Liberal, 2,471; "Ben' Tillet, Labor, 2,264; Flower's majority over Horsfell, 465.
Tillett was also a candidate at the last election, when he received 2,749 votes.

Preston, two members—R. W. Hanbury, Unionist, 3,262; W. M. Tomiinson, 7,627; Alderman Tattersall, Labor, 4,781. No Liberal candidates stood in this district.

Worcester—The Hon, G. H. Allsopp, Unionist, 2,330; Mr. Hincks, Liberal, 2,328; Unionist majority, 1,200; gain, 488.

Huddersfield—Sir J. T. Woodhouse, Liberal, 6,755; Sir Joseph Crosland, Unionist, 5,868; H. Russell Smart, Labor, 1,594. Here the Liberals gain a seat by a majority of 887. In the last by-election in the district Sir J. Crosland's majority was 23.

Islington, East Division—H. L. Cohen, Unionist, 4,232; McKinnon Wood, Liberal, 3,159; Unionist majority, 1,224; gain, 758.

Aberdeen, South Division—The Right Hon, James Bryce, Liberal, 3,565; Mr. Stewart, Unionist, 3,192; Liberal majority, 864; gain, 119.

Bristol, South Division—Colonel Sir Edward Hill, Unionist, 5,190; Mr. Power, Liberal, 4,431; Unionist majority, 759; gain, 211.

Deptford—C. J. Darling, Unionist, majority, 469; gain, 644. Cheltenham—Colonel F. S. Russell, Unionist, 3,499; gain, 644. Cheltenham—Colonel F. S. Russell, Unionist, 3,499; gain, 644. Cheltenham—Colonel F. S. Russell, Unionist, 3,699; gain, 644. Cheltenham—Colonel F. S. Russell, Unionist, 3,699; gain, 644. Cheltenham—Colonel F. S. Russell, Unionist, 3,699. lection Sir Michael was returned without opposi

W. Blaydes, Liberal, 2,940; Unionist majority, 469; gain, 31.

Lambeth, Kensington Division—F. L. Cooke, Unionist, 2,764; M. Beaufoy, Liberal, 2,763; W. Wightman, Temperance, 730; Cooke's majority over Beaufoy, 935; gain, 1,602.

Bristol, North Division—Lewis Fry, Unionist, 4,702; C. Townsend, Liberal, 4,464; Unionist majority, 233; gain, 583.

Hartlepool — Alderman Thomas Richardson, Unionist, 4,833; Sir C. Furness, Liberal, 1,772.

Unionist majority, 81; gain, 157.

Hallfax—Alfred Arnold, Unionist, 5,476; W. Rawson Shaw, Liberal, 5,685; J. Booth, Liberal, 4,283; John Lister, Labor 3,815.

Islington, West Division—T. Lough, Liberal, 3,494; G. Barham, Unionist, 3,631. Liberal majority, 463; loss 287.

Westerich, Colonel, Hughes, Unionist, 6,682; Mr.

1513.
Islington, North Division-G. T. C. Bartley, Islington, North Division-G. T. C. Bartley, Unionist, 4,626; Dr. Napier, Liberal, 3,317. Unionist majority, 1,369; gain, 467.
Plymouth, two members—Sir Edward Clarke, Plymouth, two members—Sir Edward Clarke, Unionist, 5,575. C. Harrison, Liberal, 5,482; the Hon. Unionist, 5,575. C. Harrison, Liberal, 5,482; the Hondi, Liberal, E. Hubbard, Unionist, 5,456; S. F. Mendl, Liberal, E. P. Liberals gain one seat in this district, it having been previously represented by two Conservatives.

Servatives.

Oldham, two seats-R. Ashcroft, Unionist, 12,085;
Oldham, two seats-R. Ashcroft, Unionist, 12,085;
J. F. Oswald, Unionist, 12,45; Mr. Lee, Liberal, 12,-26; Sir J. Hibbert, Liberal, 12,092. Here the Liberals lose both seats.
Inswish-Daniel F. Goddard, Liberal, 4,396; Sir C. Dalrymple, Unionist, 4,293; A. W. Soames, Liberal, 4290; Lord Elcho, Unionist, 4,219. The Liberals gain a seat in this district. In the last Parliament the Elting members were Sir C. Dalrymple and Lord Elcho.

Sicho.

Dudley—B. Robinson, Unionist, 6,536; Mr. Flemng, Liberal, 5,796; Unionist majority, 741; loss, 8,
Devonport, two members—Hudson E. Keariey,
Oberal, 3,579; E. J. C. Morton, Liberal, 3,511; P. H.
Vhippell, Unionist, 3,203; T. U. Thynne, Unionist,
292. Mr. Keariey's vote in the last election was
34 and Mr. Morton's 3,225;
Clapham—Percy M. Thornton, Unionist, 5,325; Mr.
Cempster, Liberal, 3,904. Unionist majority, 2,021;
ain, 1,377.

9, 1.377. est Ham, South Division—Major Banes, Union-4,759; J. K. Hardle, Labor, 3,975; Unionist ma-ty, 775; gain, 2,007. Here the Unionists gain a

Aberdeen, North Division—W. A. Hunter, Liberal, 516; Mr. Mahon, Labor, 608; Liberal in let' Bolton, tvo seats—H. Shepherd Cross, Unionist, 64; G. Harwood, Liberal, 2,65; Colone, F. C. Iridgeman, Unionist, 7,90; F. Brocklehurst, Labor, 64. The Liberals gain one seat in this district, fr. Harwood replacing Colonel Bridgeman.

STAMBULCEF SHOT DOWN.

THE BULGARIAN EX-PREMIER AT-TACKED IN SOFIA LAST NIGHT.

URBAN POLLINGS GIVE STRENGTH TO HIS WOUNDS ARE PRONOUNCED FATAL-HE WAS WALKING HOME FROM A CLUB WHEN HE WAS SHOT AND STABBED-THE

Sofia, July 15.-While ex-Premier Stambuloff, accompanied by M. Petkoff, was walking home this evening from the Union Club, he was attacked by four unknown men. Two of them shot him with revolvers, while the other two stabbed

M. Stambuloff fell to the ground groaning. He to-day still inclines toward the Unionists. Out | was removed to his house and physicians were summoned.

After an examination of he wounds the doctors announced that there was little hope of M. Stam-

The assassins escaped, and there is no clew to

M. Stambuloff was wounded in more than twenty places. He raised his hands to guard his

head, and his wrists were nearly severed. Both hands had to be amputated.

M. Petkoff was slightly wounded. The first report that all four of the assassins escaped was erroneous. One of them was ar-

This desperate attempt upon the ex-Premier's life recalls a former incident of like character

buloff, then Premier, and M. Beltcheff, Minister of struck M. Beltcheff, killing him instantly. It was believed that the assassins aimed at the life of M. Stambuloff. Thirty arrests of alleged conspirators were made. Four of the prisoners were executed on July 27, 1892, and others were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment.

M. Stambuloff, who was slightly wounded, seized upon the incident to proclaim that it was the culmination of a conspiracy, fostered by Russian agents, to assassinate Prince Ferdinand and his whole Cabinet.

## THE INDICTMENTS STAND.

A SETBACK FOR THE ALLEGED PLUNDER-ERS OF NEW-JERSEY

JUDGE CONOVER BRUSHES ASIDE THE TECHNICAL. OBJECTIONS RAISED BY THEIR COUNSEL-

DATES FOR THE TRIALS FIXED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] who furnished and refurnished the State House at fabulous prices once or twice a year, was postponed from July 24 to September 30, to ac ommodate counsel.

In denying the motion to quash the indictments for conspiracy to defraud the State, Judge Conover took up and disposed of the points raised by the counsel for the accused men, and clearly defined the laws covering each point. He said in

Judge Conover then explained at length just what a conspiracy was in this State, and quoted from the indictments, which, he said, clearly showed a corrupt combination to cheat and de-fraud the State.

SHOT HIS RIVAL DEAD.

JEALOUSY INCITES A LEADING MEMPHIS PHYSI-CIAN TO COMMIT MURDER.

Memphis, Tenn., July 15.—Jacob Rothschild was shot twice in the stomach and breast and instantly killed by Dr. John D. White, a leading local physician, this evening. The tragedy occurred in Main-st., on the sidewalk, in front of D. H. Baldwin's st. on the success.

st. on the success.

music store, in which Rothschild was chief salesmus. About ten minutes prior to the shooting White walked into the store, intercepting his vice. tim just as he was leaving the place for the day. The two turned back into the store, sat down and engaged in conversation, which appeared to be friendly. Finally they walked out, and just after

holding a pistol close to Rothschild's side, fired two in getting business.

widely known young woman, and was the result of insane jealousy on the doctor's part, though he is a man of family. His victim is also a married man, but his wife and two children live at Dallas, Tex., and he had said nothing to the woman about their existence.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 16, 1895-FWELVE PAGES.

A BUNCO GAME THAT WORKED LIKE A BEGINNING THE EXAMINATION OF WILL-

CHARGES ON A WORTHLESS PACKAGE THAT NEVER CAME FROM EUROPE.

operated in Wall Street lately, and efforts are Wall-st. The sum of \$345 was lost by the firm, according to a statement made by Charles B. Greene, of Charles B. Greene & Co., stock brokers

Wall-st., recently left the city for his country ed the fact and resolved to profit by the knowledge. On Saturday Brown & Wells received a Brown's absent friend It stated that the sender expected to receive a package from Europe by a steamer which was due to arrive at her pier that pay, and he would send by the next mail a check

Shortly after the receipt of the telegram a mar in uniform, with gold lace on his sleeves and

THE STANFORD CASE APPEALED.

"BARKERS" RULE THE BATTERY.

STRONG LUNGED HUSTLERS FOR RIVAL STEAM BOAT LINES ADOPT VIGOROUS MEASURES-

A COLLISION BETWEEN THE MARY PATTEN AND LETTLE SILVER.

The old Tammany Dock Board had shady to tions of a good many things, and one of them was as to who constituted "the people." When the usurpation of Battery Park by the barking representiatives of rival steamboat companies began the Tammany Commissioners are said to have remarked that the pier would be a "pier for the people." This was different from original inten-tions when the pier was set apart for the use of the Liberty Statue boat. Now when a man wishes to visit the lady who upholds Liberty's enlightening torch on Bedlow's Island he takes his dinner

and his life in his hand.

If he does not wish to be turned aside by "barkers," he will find that six months' preliminary preparation in a symnasium will stand him in good stead. The "barker" is an institution on the Bat-tery. He is not handsome, he does not aim to difriendly. Finally they walked out, and just after reaching the sidewalk White evidently made an offensive remark, for his companion struck at him with a small pocket-knife. In an instant the doctor,

Only the other day one of these chaps boarded a Brondway cable-car as it rounded down toward sengers, a portly man, of imposing appearance, wished to alight, and had just risen from his seat. The "barker" pressed him back into the seat with

insane Jealousy on the doctor's part, mough he is amon't family. His victim is also a married man, and the had said nothing to the woman about their work of the w

SWINDLED WALLSTREET MEN BLOOD ON THE SLEEVES.

IAM STARR HENRY.

FORGED TELEGRAM AND LETTER USED BIG MR. EATON, THE CHEMIST, SAYS THE SHIRT THE ELABORATE ARRANGEMENTS MADE FOR THE

William Starr Henry, charged with the murder

of his miser father, Charles W. Henry, at his terday morning for a hearing. He was repreented by Foster L. Backus, while District-Attorney Ridgway represented the people. has taken so active an interest in the defence, A. Warner Shepard and Police Inspector Mc-

Laughlin, The most interesting witness was Ashael Exton, the chemist, who has analyzed the stains on the simself up to the police of the Fourth Precinct station on the Saturday morning following the discovery of the old miser's dead body. His testi-

I have made analyses in a great many important cases. The police handed me a man's shirt. One of the sleeves, the right, appeared to have been washed. I cut it out of the shirt and made an analysis. I submitted it to more than one test. I ound certain whitish yellow stains, which upon xamination contained blood. I made a careful xamination of the blood corpuscles. I succeeded a ketting a large number of corpuscles sufficient o show that they were blood. I obtained quite a number from all the places, chough to show conjustively the presence of blood. The corpuscles.

he post-mortem examination as he told them at

Caroner Kene followed Dr. Shepard and told of is being summened to the house, which he night have inflicted the contused wounds, but not the incisen wounds. He identified the letter which he received from Walter Henry and when asked to tell how Walter came to hand him the letter, which put William in rather a bad light,

only a spring latch on the front vestibule door and any one with a key could have opened it, he

Mr. Backus says he expects William will be held for the Grand Jury.

A BIG STRIKE ON AT ISHPEMING.

FIVE THOUSAND MINERS LIKELY TO GO OUT, ONE

FIRM RAISES WAGES. Ishpening, Mich, July 15.—The miners of Ishpening and Negaunce hold a mass-meeting at Union Park, between the two cities, this morning, and destriking miners are visiting the various working tion?"
tion?"
They that 5,000 men will go out, and the strike may spread to other districts. If the strike is not quickly set-tical, shipments of from ore from the Marquette range

will be greatly curtailed. The Cleveland Cliffs Iron Mining Company has raised the wages of all its employes from 10 to 25 cents a day, according to former wages paid. This is the first voluntary increase in wages of the season, and is given because warranted by improved condition of the ore market.

BE ON BOARD THE VESSEL-HER OWNERS DENY ALL KNOWLEDGE OF THE NAT-URE OF THE CARGO.

It was learned last night from what app be entirely trustworthy sources that the brig Pearl, owned by L. W. & P. Armstrong, and used largely n the transportation of sugar between New-York and Cuban, Central American and South American ports, has been seized by United States officers at Amity-st pier, Brooklyn, for having taken on board one day last week a large amount of arms and ammunition for Cuban ports.

are exceedingly meagre. It seems that agents of the Spanish Government have been unusually vigilant in New-York of late, and that they suspected a shipment of arms was soon to be made.

The Pearl arrived here from St. Croix on July 4 with a cargo of general merchandise consigned to Park, Milburn & Co. She discharged her cargo and was taking on another for Central American ports on the Brooklyn side when the Spanish agents got an inkling of what was going on. Captain Foster an inkling of what was going on. Captain Foster is the commander of the brig, and it is said he is one of the shrewdest and most experienced captains that come to this port. The news of the seizure was received so late last night that it was impossible to get the particulars of it. When the United States officials made the seizure and the owners of the brig were applied of the discovery of the arms, it is said they immediately disclaimed all complicity in the transaction, and alleged that they had been deceived as to the true nature of the goods which had been consigned to their care.

Chicago, July 15 .- A dispatch to an evening paper

from Denyer, Col., says that letters and telegrams found among the effects of Francis Edgar White, a young New-Yorker under arrest there for beating the Holland House out of a board and lodging bill for himself and his wife, have caused the po-lice authorities here to communicate with the New-York City police, on the theory that they have a fugitive from justice in custody. One telegram, supposed to be from young White's mother, runs

## HORR AND HARVEY TO MEET, THE LAWS ARE

THEIR DEBATE ON THE SILVER QUES- NO INCREASE OF CRIME, POLICE OFFI-TION BEGINS TO-DAY.

MEETING OF THE ELOQUENT CHAMPION

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

rangements and from the new plan of controversy on which it is to be conducted, to be one of the most satisfactory means of setting before the world both sides of a question which affects all nations and which interests every man of

Ex-Congressman Roswell G. Horr, one of the most forcible and elequent orators of the day, representing the gold standard, will meet, as the challenge circular states, his opponent, William H. Harvey, the exponent of the theory of a silver standard at 16 to 1, and author of "Coin's Financial School," to discuss the monetary system of the United States, with the purpose "to reach sleeve of the shirt worn by William when he gave the truth in the most direct and convincing manof the hour might sway judgment, but in the quietness and calm of deliberate discussion."

The debate will last eight days, beginning at 2 o'clock every day, except Sunday, and lasting two hours and forty minutes, until 140,000 words have been spoken, or until one side gives up. No such debate has ever been planned

The arrangements are elaborate. The platform wil be occupied by the judges who are to see that the rules are enforced and that order is kept. In front of the platform is a table for official stenographers. Between this and the audience is a long table for the press. At the sides are three rows of raised seats which will accommodate the invited guests.

Invitations have been issued to one thousand persons, and admission will be strictly by card. Only two hundred seats are available, but it is not expected that more than that number will be on hand at one time. When the round is over the speakers will read typewritten copies of their own and their antagonist's remarks to be sure against mistakes or the interpolation of words that were never spoken. Then each man affixes his signature, and with the addition of copyright procedure the documents will go forth to the world as the only official report of the day's proceedings.

Mr. Harvey has been studying himself thin for the last thirty days. During this time he has spent sixteen hours daily reading and has had five men ransacking Ebraries for "pointers." He says he is now prepared to "paralyze" the New-York man and is going to toss him around like a football. Ex-Congressman Horr seems equally confident, but he is a little more modest in expressing himsel. He said to-night:

I have heard of Mr. Harvey's bragging. I can simply say that I think he is making a mistake in

The debate will open with a brief statement by each speaker, defining the position he is to take, and in turn an explanation by each of "What is money?"

Charles H. Aldrich has been selected as judge for Mr. Horr, and Judge Henry Miller for Mr. Harvey. Lyman J. Gage and H. A. Taylor will act as referees, Mr. Gage representing Mr. Horr. Dr. Robertson representing the "Sound Money" Committee of the New-York Chamber of Commerce, will be present to ask questions.

HISCOCK TALKS FOR MORTON.

HE DECLARES THAT NEW-YORK REPUBLICANS ARE SOLID FOR THE GOVERNOR FOR PRESIDENT.

garding his father's queer ways, he was asked:
"Tid you have a key of the house"
"No, sir," was the reply. "The last time I saw my father before I found his body with the officer, he was alive I had no quarrel with him and no one had assaulted him when I last saw him alive." I bufflet, Alicanov, Ridsway then ex-Senator Frank Hiscock, of New-York, a little grayer, perhaps, and a trifle less portly than Montana, arrived in town to-day, and the two ence here had the slightest political significance. over a day on the way to Helena, and Mr. His-cock asserted that private business had brought him here, and that he would depart to-morrow.

A United Press reporter asked Mr. Hiscock if it was true that the Republican party in New-York State was hopelessly divided into two contending factions.

"There are differences in our ranks," said Mr. Hiscock, "but they are not material. They simply show that honest differences of opinion exist among us, but they will not endanger

"Will the Republicans of New-York put a candidate into the next Presidential Conven-

"They will. It will be Governor Levi P. Morton." "Are your people a unit for Mr. Morton?" "They are. He is the universal choice of both

"Can be be nominated?" "I believe that he can. While New-York is not so much of a pivotal State as in past years, still the fact that she is united upon a certain candi-

date will give him great prestige, and I hope that THE PEARL SAID TO HAVE BEEN SEIZED. It will be sufficient to secure him the nomina-

tion."
"What about the objection that Mr. Morton is too old? Is there any force in that?"
"I should say not. Mr. Morton was never in better health. He is still a much younger man than Gladstone, and capable of a great deal more

than Gladstone, and captible of a first dark hard work."
"Suppose Mr. Morton falls to secure the nomination. To whom, then, will the New-York delegation turn."
"We are not supposing anything at the present time but the nomination of Mr. Morton. We purpose bringing that about if possible. We are not considering second choices."

RAIDS ON COUNTERFEITERS' DENS.

AN EXTENSIVE GANG BROKEN UP BY SECRET SERVICE OFFICERS IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 15 .- As the result of raids made at an early hour this morning by Captain Porter, of the United States Secret Service, assisted by six officers, Pasquela Garofalo, his son, Matte Masso, Geriardo Eleffeo and Michael Ambrossia, members of an extensive counterfeiting gang, are under ar-

where Eleffeo was gathered in and a spurious quarter of a dollar found. At No. 529 Clark-st. Ambrossia was captured. The best evidence, however, was obtained at No. 1,242 West Nineteenth-st ever, was obtained at No. 1,242 West Nineteenth-st. In the attic was found a portion of the plate. It had been dismantied and some of the material, finished coins and part of the moulds had been destroyed. In a closet was found plaster, and on a shelf a handful of genuine coins, all marked with bits of plaster, indicating that they were the pattern pieces. Garofalo, his son and Masso were about to leave the place when the officers arrived, and the Italians were handcuffed after some resistance.

MICHIGAN FOREST FIRES EXTINGUISHED Detroit, Mich., July 15.-Heavy rains last night

and this morning have effectually extinguished all the forest fires in the State, and the farmers are jubilant over the benefit which the crops will receive, as this is the first general rain in six weeks. Settlers at Wallin and Clary have begun to return to their destroyed homes, and will make another at-tempt to establish themselves. FOR ENFORCING THE STATUTES-MR. ROOSE-

CIALS SAY.

CLERGYMEN AND OTHERS PRAISE THE POLICE

PRICE THREE CENTS.

OBEYED.

VELT'S EMPHATIC DECLARATIONS-A RE-PLY TO HILL-ARRESTS DECREASE WHEN MEN STOP BREAK-

Satisfaction with the work of the police in the enforcement of the laws on Sunday was expressed by the Police Commissioners yesterday, and they also declared in the most positive terms that the enforcement of the Excise law was going to be continued with all the vigor possible. A delegation of clergymen went to the Central Office to express their approval of the Police Board's stand on the question of enforcing the Sunday law, and a delegation of Good Government Club men also went there to praise

Commissioners for the same reason.

The police officials were not disturbed by the efforts of some persons who are opposed to the the real issue and to create the impression that lawlessness in general is increasing in the city, Acting Chief Conlin said that he did not have at hand such statistics concerning arrests in the city as would show the work of the police in suppressing crime lately, and he was not willing to procure the figures for publication, police have been looking so sharply after violators of the Excise law. In former days, when the police wanted to create the impression that the Excise law was being enforced, the officials would point to the number of persons arrested for selling liquor on Sunday and declare that the great rumber of arrests was proof of police activity. There were plenty of opportunities for the police to make such arrests in those days, because the law was generally violated in the

THE LAW MORE GENERALLY OBEYED.

Excise law has been enforced for three Sundays more rigorously than ever before, and yet the liquor dealers have been more generally obeying the law and keeping their places closed. Appended is the record of arrests for Excise law violations on the last three Sundays, compared with that for the three previous Sundays:

"The statement that crimes have increased in this city of late," said President Roosevelt yesterday, "is a lie, pure and simple, and I shall soon make public the statistics to show the facts." He had received a letter from the manager of a house of industry in West Sixty-third-st., stating that while lawlessness in that neighborhood formerly had been increasing, the police of late had been

getting the upper hand of the rough element. POLICE WILL SUPPRESS CRIME.

"Such evidence comes every day," Mr. Roosevelt said, "and the men who give out the contrary impression are merely traitors to good government, who, to serve their own base purposes wish to encourage lawlessness in the city. Whatever the individual opinions of individual commissioners on the Excise law or any other law may be, the foes of order may as well recognize, once for all, that the Board is a unit in its purpose to enforce the laws; that it cannot be pulled off by any one, and that it will not flinch one particle from the stand it has taken."

"PULL" NOT TO SAVE LAW-BREAKERS.

As to the enforcement of the laws in general in the city, Mr. Roosevelt made this statement:

We shall enforce all the laws, so far as our force will allow us to. Ultimately we will get them all enforced. Meanwhile, it is a waste of time for the criminal classes and their allies to try to prevent us from enforcing the vital laws by raising a clasmor that we are not enforcing others of less importance. I shouldn't allow a pollceman to neglect the arrest of a burgiar on the plea that he was preventing a violation of the Sunday Excise law, and so I won't allow a pollceman the chance of allowing the saloon of some man with a pull to be kept open on the plea that he is looking after a soda-water stand. We will enforce all the laws, however, and I hope that one effect of our action will be to make the Legislature and the Board of Aldermen understand that when the police force is both honest and efficient they don't want to put, or leave, a law on the statute books unless they expect to see it enforced. The most corrupting and demoralizing thing for the whole community as well as the police force is to have laws on the statute books which are only partially enforced, that is, against men without a puil.

CLERGYMEN EXPRESS APPROVAL. evelt made this statement:

CLERGYMEN EXPRESS APPROVAL.

In the afternon the Police Commissioners received a delegation of clergymen representing the American Sabbath Union, and among the visitors were the Rev. J. H. Knowles, the Rev. A. B. Sanford, the Rev. W. C. Steele, the Rev. S. C. Iglehart, the Rev. A. P. Palmer and Colonel A. S. Bacon, of the Brooklyn Law Enforcement Society. The Rev. Mr. Knowles, who is the secretary of the union, read an address applauding the course of the Commissioners and declaring that the enforcement of the Sabbath laws was in

the interest of the working people. "The citizens who prize a weekly rest day for their families will be obliged to do you honor, he said in conclusion.

Other clergymen in the delegation and Colonel Bacon made brief speeches. Commissioner Parker, in replying, said:

er, in replying, said:

There is an impression that we are enforcing this is like an automaton, simply because it is upon the statute books, but no law can be enforced truly unless it is thetured with conscience. We are sneered at because we are enforcing laws called "antiquated." I believe that the president of the Board has expressed himself in favor of more liberal laws, Mr. Roosevelt (interrupting)—Don't say that, please. I have carefully abstained from saying what changes I would make. They want us to enforce the laws dishonestly, but we will enforce them honestly. (Applause.)

MR. ROOSEVELT'S REPLY TO DEMAGOGUES.

Later Mr. Roosevelt said to the clergymen:

I have seen pienty of base demagogy in my career, but a baser demagogy than that of those who protest against our enforcement of the law who protest against our enforcement of the law seen. The men who make that piea, headed by a seen. The men who make that piea, headed by a seen. The men who make that piea, headed by a seen. The men who make that piea, headed by a seen. The men who make that piea, headed by a seen. The men who make that piea, headed by a seen. The men who make that piea, headed by a seen. The men who make that most powerful organization which has much money in its control and which will spend its money as freely as it can to defeat the effort to secure an honest government. I refer to the brewery influences. We are nighting them. You will understand that we have opposed to us the corrupting power of wealth. No opposed to us the corrupting power of wealth. No opposed to us the corrupting power of wealth. No opposed to us the corrupting power of wealth. No opposed to us the corrupting power of wealth. No opposed to us the corrupting power of wealth. No opposed to us the corrupting power of wealth. No opposed to the law as the poor man, the man without money and friends.

I looked over the blotters of some of our stations the other day, and it is astonishing to see how crimes of disorder have diminished because of the enforcement of the law. And the law-abiding element in the city of New-York has reason to be proud of what has been done. As to ourselves, we expected a clamor of evil-disposed persons and the allies of criminals. But I can assure you we are not looking for our personal advancement. We have got one important task before us. That is to leave the Department better and purer and to administer the law honestly, efficiently and impartially while we are here, and, gentlemen, we are pretty nearly going to do that. Later Mr. Roosevelt said to the clergymen:

SUPPORT OF GOOD GOVERNMENT CLUBS

the new XXVth Assembly District, consisting of R. W. G. Welling, Daniel Parrish, C. Grant La Farge, Preble Tucker, P. T. Sherman and Clarence Goadby, waited on the Police Commission-Worcester, Mass., July 15.-The summer school determined efforts made by them to enforce the at Clark University opened this afternoon with a law. Mr. Welling read some resolutions, which at Clark University opened that attendance. Senator Hoar made an eloquent address, in which he deprecated race or religious contention and made a strong plea for the common schools. President G. Stanley Hall delivered the first lecture, on "Youth and Its Training." had been adopted by the Executive Committee, declaring that the Police Commissioners under the laws, have no discretionary power as to